

# NEW YORK DRAFT LIST IN FULL

**FINAL EDITION**

**The Evening World.**

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## French Beat Back Attacks; British Make Raids BIG RUSH IN EXEMPTION BOARDS

### ENTIRE SERIES OF NUMBERS IN DRAFT THAT AFFECT N. Y. SHOWS ORDER FOR SERVICE

Each Number Calls Out Every Man in America Who Has That Number in Red Ink on His Registration Card.

A complete list of the numbers of New York City men called for the National Army is printed to-day. The Evening World yesterday had the numbers up to the twenty-fifth hundred. The drawing at Washington was not finished until early to-day, and as the highest number on any registration card in this city is 4,696, all numbers above this are eliminated in the list that follows.

Each number calls out every man throughout the country who has that number in red ink on his registration card. The numbers in the list herewith are grouped by hundreds and should be read across the column, not downward.

IN THE TWENTY-FIFTH HUNDRED.

IN THE TWENTY-SIXTH HUNDRED.

IN THE TWENTY-SEVENTH HUNDRED.

IN THE TWENTY-EIGHTH HUNDRED.

IN THE TWENTY-NINTH HUNDRED.

IN THE THREE THOUSANDTH.

IN THE THIRTY-FIRST HUNDRED.

IN THE THIRTY-SECOND HUNDRED.

IN THE THIRTY-THIRD HUNDRED.

IN THE THIRTY-FOURTH HUNDRED.

IN THE THIRTY-FIFTH HUNDRED.

IN THE THIRTY-SIXTH HUNDRED.

IN THE THIRTY-SEVENTH HUNDRED.

IN THE THIRTY-EIGHTH HUNDRED.

IN THE THIRTY-NINTH HUNDRED.

### GERMANY OFFERS SHAM PEACE, SAYS BRITISH PREMIER

Lloyd George, in Bitter Reply to Michaelis, Declares Struggle Will Go On.

LONDON, July 21.—"I have read Chancellor Michaelis's speech three times," said Premier Lloyd George this afternoon. "I see in it only sham independence for Belgium, sham democracy for Germany, sham peace for Europe."

"This bitter epitome" of German Chancellor Michaelis's speech to the Reichstag was spoken in a ringing speech at the Belgian independence celebration at Quai de la Gare. The Prime Minister declared in new vigor of phrases that unless Germany's military autocracy "is wiped out they will again plunge Europe into a welter of blood."

"The Chancellor's statement contained phrases which the German military autocracy understood," he added. "Those in charge of German affairs have elected for war. The Junkers have thrown the old Chancellor into the waste basket with his scraps of paper—and it will not be long before Junkerdom follows."

"There is no hope for Belgium in the Chancellor's statement. She is not mentioned. It is the determination of the Allies that Belgium be restored, free and independent and her people not be placed under a protectorate."

"We cannot make peace with a Germany dominated by autocracy. The war now becomes a struggle between two definite groups of national ideas. Significant in this respect is the news announced to-day of the accession of that brilliant Russian statesman, Kerensky, to the leadership of Russian democracy."

"I don't wish Germany to harbor any delusion that Great Britain will be put out of the fight until full liberty has been established. I predict it will not be long before the German Chancellor delivers a different speech and that is the one for which we are waiting."

"Regarding the submarine menace, I must disagree with Chancellor Michaelis. Gradually, but surely, we are increasing our protection and diminishing our losses."

Speaking of the shipbuilding programme, Mr. Lloyd George said great Britain this year would turn out four times as many ships as last year. In the last two months of 1917 as many ships will be finished as in all of 1916.

The Premier declared the food supply for the British people had already been secured, and that a programme of cultivation had been arranged to make the supply for the following year secure, even if losses increased.

In conclusion, the Premier said the Entente Allies would go on fighting to the end, knowing that the future of mankind was in their trust to maintain and defend.

"I believe that Mrs. Humiston's aid will be of great value," said the Commissioner, "and I hope that her position on the force will be helpful to her also. Her efforts will be centered on missing girls and on other matters relating to the welfare of girls."

**AIR RAID REPRISALS  
TO BE MADE BY BRITISH**

Announcement of Change of Policy Made in Speech by Member of Parliament.

LONDON, July 21.—Samuel Ramus, M. P., announced in a speech to-day that the British Government intends to adopt a policy of reprisal for German air raids.

### Cabinet Members and Government Officials Take Up Intensive Training at the Capital



Cabinet officers, assistant secretaries, members of the Federal Reserve Board and Federal Trade Commission and other high Government officials have embarked upon a training campaign for themselves under the direction of Walter Camp, the Yale athlete.

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### DRAFT ARMY IN CAMP SEPT. 1; FIRST 3,000 NUMBERS DRAWN MAY SUPPLY 687,000 MEN

Officials Believe 5,000,000 Probably Will Be Called Up for Examination Because of the Expected High Rate of Exemptions.

MAY SOON BE COMPELLED TO LOWER REQUIREMENTS

By Martin Green.  
(Special Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)  
WASHINGTON, July 21.—The men who will comprise America's first national army are represented in the first 3,000 numbers drawn in yesterday's lottery.

Past the 3,000 mark only scattered districts will be affected, officials said to-day. Numbers following the three thousandth, therefore, represent only the reserve from which subsequent calls will be made.

Time will tell whether the last drawn under the great human lottery system will escape without a summons. It is the judgment of army officers who have studied the situation as revealed by the draft that the first call for men for examination will exempt such a high percentage that perhaps half the approximately ten million registered men may be called to show their physical or industrial disability—or their physical or industrial ability—to fight under the American flag before the first demand for 687,000 men is filled.

If it should so happen that it might take the time and effort to examine 6,000,000 men to get an army of about seven hundred thousand or eight hundred thousand, the chances are that the exemptions will thereafter be limited and the physical requirements lowered for the next draft to follow.

In any event, following the devoted career of the selective draft as far as it has gone, no man, even though he hold the last serial number on the list, may honestly consider himself safe from service. The last in this instance will not be first—he will be last, absolutely, but the dictum that "many are called, but few are chosen" may run along right down through the line of the registrants for war—even to the last number.

It is a natural assumption that the first examinations by the Local Boards in case of persons claiming exemptions for physical reasons, for the reason that they are supporting dependents and other reasons, will not be rigid. The rules have all been formulated and the regulations have been laid down, but there is no power on earth that can universally control the beliefs and convictions of 4,684 separate bodies of men serving all over the United States.

The District Boards, yet to be appointed, will handle many cases which would be embarrassing for the Local Boards, but the fact remains that the Local Boards will be, in a sense, the police courts of the selective draft. Their decision will be subject to appeal on the side of the registrant summoned for examination, or on the side of the Government.

From now on the steps in the draft will be simple—examination of those called, exemptions, mobilization and training of the new National Army. Almost before the lottery was completed, long sheets showing the "order in which drawn" of the serial numbers were returned to the Provost Marshal General by the Public Health Service, which took place here on the night of the Federal registration, June 5. He is Louis Vona, an Italian.

AMSTERDAM, July 21.—The Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin bears that the American Consul at Odessa, John A. Ray, has been imprisoned there, with his British colleague, by soldiers for having spoken unfavorably of the revolution.

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John A. Ray, Stationed at Odessa, Accused of Criticizing the Revolution.

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### GOETHALS OFFERS TO RESIGN TO END THE SHIPPING ROW

Letter to Wilson Says He Is Willing to Step Out in Interest of Harmony.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Gen. Goethals has offered to resign as general manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. As a climax to the long drawn out argument between himself and Chairman Denman of the Shipping Board, Goethals wrote a letter to President Wilson suggesting, if it will help matters, he will step out.

That the President will take quick action in the case was indicated to-day. Those close to the President intimated he was "out of patience" with the Goethals-Denman row. However, there will be no action until Monday, as the President is out of town.

Goethals' only comment was that he had not resigned yet, but that he could not tell "what will develop."

Goethals' letter detailed his relations with Denman and declared the constant bickering was no longer possible.

Up to the present the President kept out of the shipping row, telling both men to go ahead with their plans to build ships. He expected them to reach a decision on a definite programme, his chief concern being in prompt action.

Escaped from Hospital to Drown in the Sound

Patient on North Brother Island Who Eluded Watch Would Have Been Released in a Few Hours.

In trying to escape from Riverside Hospital on North Brother Island to-day, within a few hours of his being released, Andrew O'Keefe was drowned in Long Island Sound. John O'Keefe, a friend, living at Riverdale-on-Hudson, arrived at the hospital to learn Andrew was away with him to care for him just as the news came in that the man had been drowned.

Andrew O'Keefe had been in the hospital since Nov. 3, 1916, and officials of the institution say he had threatened to run away. A watch was placed over him, but he managed to reach the shore and escape in a boat. The boat was swamped and O'Keefe sank.

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### THOUSANDS RUSH TO GET NUMBERS AND DRAFT DATA

Women, Babies in Arms, Eager for Tidings Affecting Husbands or Sons.

Thousands of persons, a majority of them men of conscriptive age, but many older and younger, flocked to the various exemption boards throughout the city to-day in an effort to learn the serial numbers of those who had been drawn in yesterday's great lottery.

While many exemption board officials still seemed to be a bit hazy about their duties, and there had been many delays in compiling lists, there was evidence that order would come out of confusion before many hours. In some districts all information was obtained without the slightest hesitation.

Probably the most aggravated case of delay on the part of the Exemption Board officials was in District No. 157, located in a public school at One Hundred and Nineteenth Street and Madison Avenue, where a line of persons of all ages, including many women with babies in their arms, stretched half way around the block, being compelled to wait, owing to the failure of the board to have the list in readiness.

At one time there were more than 1,000 persons in this line. Many women were there to get the serial numbers of their husbands, sons and brothers, the latter being compelled to go to business. There was a great deal of complaining on the part of the waiting ones, many of whom had been in line since 8 o'clock this morning.

Policemen keeping order at this point.

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